



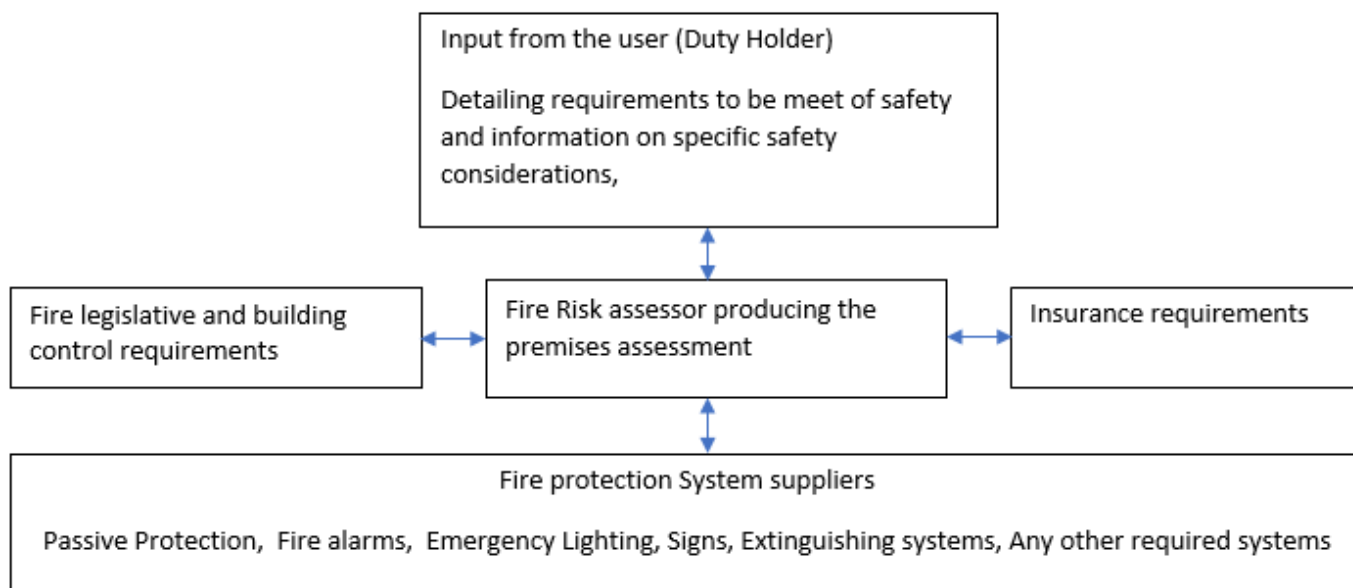
TECHNICAL STATEMENT

Fire Risk Assessments

Background of the Principals of liaison between the Fire risk assessor and fire safety engineers
To meet the legal requirements of fire safety legislation a Risk assessment should be produced which requires co-operation between the various relevant bodies.

This co-operation should be part of a communication network with the fire risk assessor explaining:

- The requirements from fire authorities and insurers
- The premises characteristics and operational activities from the user.
- These should be given to the emergency system suppliers to develop proposals of suitable safety systems
- From these proposals, the risk assessor should consider how well the proposals meet the user's requirements and how the system offered meets legislative recommendations and interfaces with other safety systems.



Many of the details of information required for a specific premise require co-operation between the various system suppliers the risk assessment should confirm that the systems proposed are compatible and provide a suitable system for the protection of occupants of the premises.

As an example, the following guidance shows typical recommended interfaces between the Emergency Lighting system engineers and the Fire Risk Assessor.

Note. The Emergency Lighting code of practice BS 5266-1 2016 now includes guidance for the fire and health and safety protection of occupants who stay in a premise during a failure of the normal lighting supply.